

What is claimed is:

1. A drive method for an active type light emitting display panel provided with a light emitting element, a driving TFT which lighting drives the light emitting element, and a power supply circuit supplying a current of a forward direction to the light emitting element at a lighting operation time of the light emitting element, characterized in that

    said drive method for an active type light emitting display panel executes, at a timing at which the light emitting element shifts to a lighting operation, a discharge operation in which electrical charges accumulated in a parasitic capacitance of the light emitting element are discharged by setting the electrical potentials of an anode and a cathode of the light emitting element to a same potential.

2. A drive device for an active type light emitting display panel provided with a light emitting element, a driving TFT which lighting drives the light emitting element, and a power supply circuit supplying a current of a forward direction to the light emitting element at a lighting operation time of the light emitting element, characterized in that

    said drive device for an active type light emitting display panel comprises a discharge means operating at a timing at which the light emitting element shifts to a lighting operation and allowing electrical charges accumulated in a parasitic capacitance of the light emitting element to be discharged by

setting the electrical potentials of an anode and a cathode of the light emitting element to a same potential.

3. A drive method for an active type light emitting display panel provided with a light emitting element, a driving TFT which lighting drives the light emitting element, and a power supply circuit supplying a current of a forward direction to the light emitting element at a lighting operation time of the light emitting element, characterized in that

said drive method for an active type light emitting display panel executes, at a timing at which the light emitting element shifts to a lighting operation, a switching operation of a select switch which gives the light emitting element a potential difference by which lighting is possible and a charge operation for a parasitic capacitance of the light emitting element via the select switch.

4. A drive device for an active type light emitting display panel provided with a light emitting element, a driving TFT which lighting drives the light emitting element, and a power supply circuit supplying a current of a forward direction to the light emitting element at a lighting operation time of the light emitting element, characterized in that

said drive device for an active type light emitting display panel comprises a charge means operating at a timing at which the light emitting element shifts to a lighting operation and performing charge for a parasitic capacitance of the light

emitting element based on a switching function of a select switch which gives the light emitting element a potential difference by which lighting is possible.

5. A drive method for an active type light emitting display panel provided with a light emitting element, a driving TFT which lighting drives the light emitting element, and a power supply circuit supplying a current of a forward direction to the light emitting element at a lighting operation time of the light emitting element, characterized in that

    said drive method for an active type light emitting display panel executes, at a timing at which the light emitting element shifts to a lighting operation, a charge operation in which a current from a power supply for charge is allowed to flow in the forward direction for a parasitic capacitance of the light emitting element from a connection point between the light emitting element and the driving TFT.

6. A drive device for an active type light emitting display panel provided with a light emitting element, a driving TFT which lighting drives the light emitting element, and a power supply circuit supplying a current of a forward direction to the light emitting element at a lighting operation time of the light emitting element, characterized in that

    said drive device for an active type light emitting display panel comprises a power supply for charge which operates at a timing at which the light emitting element shifts to a lighting

operation and which executes a charge operation in the forward direction for a parasitic capacitance of the light emitting element from a connection point between the light emitting element and the driving TFT.

7. A drive method for an active type light emitting display panel provided with a light emitting element, a driving TFT which lighting drives the light emitting element, and a power supply circuit supplying a current of a forward direction to the light emitting element at a lighting operation time of the light emitting element, characterized in that

    said drive method for an active type light emitting display panel executes, at a timing at which the light emitting element shifts to a lighting operation, a charge operation in the forward direction for a parasitic capacitance of the light emitting element by a current which is greater than that of the lighting operation time of the light emitting element by controlling a gate voltage of the driving TFT.

8. A drive device for an active type light emitting display panel provided with a light emitting element, a driving TFT which lighting drives the light emitting element, and a power supply circuit supplying a current of a forward direction to the light emitting element at a lighting operation time of the light emitting element, characterized in that

    said drive device for an active type light emitting display panel comprises a charge control means which operates at a timing

at which the light emitting element shifts to a lighting operation and which performs a charge operation in the forward direction for a parasitic capacitance of the light emitting element by a current which is greater than that of the lighting operation time of the light emitting element by controlling a gate voltage of the driving TFT.

9. A drive method for an active type light emitting display panel provided with a light emitting element, a driving TFT which lighting drives the light emitting element, and a power supply circuit supplying a current of a forward direction to the light emitting element at a lighting operation time of the light emitting element, characterized in that

    said drive method for an active type light emitting display panel executes, at a timing at which the light emitting element shifts to a lighting operation, a charge operation in the forward direction for a parasitic capacitance of the light emitting element by performing bypass control for the driving TFT which is connected in series to the light emitting element.

10. A drive device for an active type light emitting display panel provided with a light emitting element, a driving TFT which lighting drives the light emitting element, and a power supply circuit supplying a current of a forward direction to the light emitting element at a lighting operation time of the light emitting element, characterized in that

    said drive device for an active type light emitting display

panel comprises a bypass control means which operates at a timing at which the light emitting element shifts to a lighting operation and which performs a charge operation in the forward direction for a parasitic capacitance of the light emitting element by bypassing the driving TFT which is connected in series to the light emitting element.

11. The drive device for an active type light emitting display panel according to any one of claims 2, 4, 6, 8, and 10, characterized in that

the power supply circuit is constructed so as to be able to apply a bias voltage opposite to the forward direction to the light emitting element.

12. The drive device for an active type light emitting display panel according to any one of claims 2, 4, 6, 8, and 10, characterized in that

the light emitting element is constituted by an organic EL element in which an organic compound is employed in a light emitting layer.